

## Office of the Attorney General State of Texas

DAN MORALES
ATTORNEY GENERAL

November 16, 1998

Mr. Saul Pedregon Assistant City Attorney Criminal Law and Police Division City of Dallas 2014 Main Street, Room 206 Dallas, Texas 75201

OR98-2710

Dear Mr. Pedregon:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID # 119698.

The Dallas Police Department (the "department") received a request for all 911 calls by the R.A. area 135 between 1993 and 1996. You claim that the originating telephone numbers and addresses on the 911 report are protected from required public disclosure by section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 772.318 of the Health and Safety Code. We have considered the exception you claim and have reviewed the documents at issue. You have submitted several pages of computer generated reports.

The department, however, has not sought an open records decision from this office within the statutory ten-day deadline. See Gov't Code § 552.301. The department's delay in this matter results in the presumption that the requested information is public. See id. § 552.302; Hancock v. State Bd. of Ins., 797 S.W.2d 379 (Tex. App.--Austin 1990, no writ). In order to overcome the presumption that the requested information is public, a governmental body must provide compelling reasons why the information should not be disclosed. Hancock, 797 S.W.2d at 381. The applicability of section 552.101 provides such a compelling reason. See Open Records Decision No. 470 (1987).

Section 552.101 excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." This section encompasses information protected by other statutes. You assert that section 772.318 of the Health and Safety Code, one of several confidentiality provisions in chapter 772 of the Health and Safety Code, makes the requested information confidential. As you raise this section, we assume that the emergency 911 district involved here was established in accordance with

chapter 772 of the Health and Safety Code, which authorizes the development of local emergency communications districts. Sections 772.118, 772.218 and 772.318 of the Health and Safety Code make confidential the originating telephone numbers and addresses of 911 callers furnished by a service supplier. See Open Records Decision No. 649 (1996). Section 772.118 applies to emergency communication districts for counties with a population over two million. Section 772.218 applies to emergency communication districts for counties with a population over 860,000. Section 772.318 applies to emergency communication districts for counties with a population over 20,000. Subchapter E, which applies to counties with populations over 1.5 million, does not contain a confidentiality provision regarding 911 telephone numbers and addresses. Health & Safety Code § 772.401, et seq. Thus, if the emergency communication district here is subject to section 772.118, 772.218 or 772.318, the originating telephone numbers and addresses on the reports is excepted from public disclosure based on section 552.101 as information deemed confidential by statute. As you raise no other compelling reason to prevent disclosure of the remaining information on the reports, this material must be released.

We are resolving this matter with an informal letter ruling rather than with a published open records decision. This ruling is limited to the particular records at issue under the facts presented to us in this request and should not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records. If you have questions about this ruling, please contact our office.

Yours very truly,

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Don Ballard

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

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Ref: ID# 119698

Enclosures: Submitted documents

cc: Ms. Sandra Arredondo Rich & Alonzo, P.C. 400 Zang Blvd. Suite 804 Dallas, Texas 75208 (w/o enclosures)